Methods  
Cance of an enlarged stomach detected on a second trimester scan is the “double bubble” sign and polyhydramnios in the third trimester. The significance of an enlarged stomach detected on a second trimester scan is unclear. Unfortunately the mother subsequently developed Ballantyne (Mirror) syndrome which was referred with severe anaemic and similar haematocrit levels at cordocentesis. Both twins received the same treatment course however different outcomes were encountered.

This case series demonstrates the various complications that add further challenging features to the management of pregnancies affected by Parvovirus infection.

Objectives  
To investigate the changing incidence of echogenic lung lesions detected both antenatally and postnatally.

Methods  
A retrospective review of cases identified from the Fetal Medicine database and the Wessex Antenatally Detected Anomalies (WANDA) congenital anomalies register from 1994 to 2011.

Results  
We identified a total of 111 cases of ELL in 492,559 births during the stated period. All but six cases were identified on antenatal ultrasound.

In 1994, the total incidence of ELL was 0.37 per 10 000 births. By 2011 this had risen to 5.39 per 10 000 births, with a progressive incline during the intervening years.

Conclusion  
We found a nearly 15-fold increase in the incidence of ELL found antenatally in the Wessex region between 1994 and 2011. It is unclear whether this is due to a true rise in the incidence of this abnormality, or due to increased antenatal recognition as a result of improved ultrasound resolution and operator experience.

References  